2 Adjectives: people 1

The adjectives in the box below are all in the crossword. Read the clues and complete the crossword with them.

independent brave aenerous grateful honest iealous lively mature miserable patient proud reliable sensible superficial warm weird

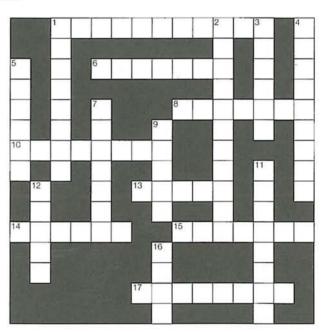
Across

- 1 She doesn't think about anything seriously or have any deep feelings. She's so _____
- 8 She's the most _____ person in the school. Everybody likes her.
- 10 He's very . If he says he'll do something, then he does it.
- She's very _____. She never complains about the pain she is in all the time.
- 14 She always tells the truth. She's very _____
- 15 He's a very _____ teacher. He doesn't get cross even when he has to repeat something three times.
- 17 They were very when we said they could stay in our house while we were away.

Down

- He never drinks and drives. He's too _____ to do something silly like that.
- She's going to travel around the world for six months on her own. She must be very _____
- 3 She always has fun at parties because she's so bright and
- He never smiles and always looks _____. I don't know what his problem is.
- She's only seventeen but she seems much older. She's very for her age.

- He makes her _____ when he looks at other girls.
- She looks _____. Why does she always wear such strange clothes?
- 11 They're very rich but they are also really _____ with their money. They give wonderful presents.
- 12 He got 100% in all his exams. His parents are really _____ of him.
- 16 She's always and friendly. You always feel welcome at her house.





The word sensible may be a 'false friend' for many students of English whose mother tongue has Latin roots. In English, sensible means clever in a practical way.

She won't take any silly risks. She's a sensible girl.

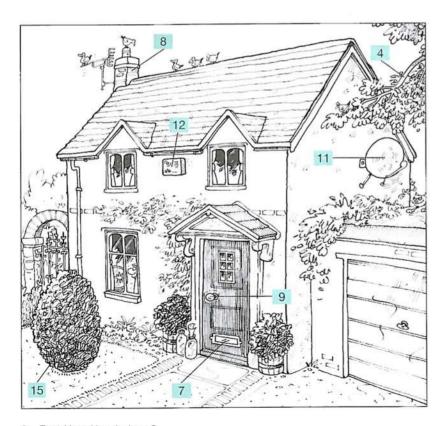
It does not mean the same as sensitive, which means easily hurt or delicate.

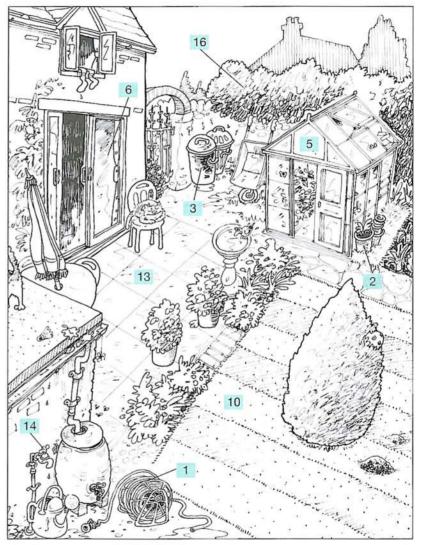
She can't use soap on her face. She's got very sensitive skin. Don't tease him. He's very sensitive and you might make him cry.

6 The house and garden

Write the numbers 1 to 16 next to the correct words.

branch _____ greenhouse _____
burglar alarm ____ hedge ____
bush ____ hose ____
chimney ____ lawn ____
door handle ____ letterbox ____
dustbin ____ patio ____
flowerpot ___ satellite dish ____
French windows ____ tap ____







In America, a garden is usually called a *yard*. In British English, the word *yard* is uncommon. It means a *small paved or concrete area at the back of the house*. The modern word for a paved area at the back of the house is a *patio*.

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7 Adjectives: opposites

Match the adjectives in the box to their opposites. Then complete the sentences a) - j) with one of the adjectives on the page.

artificial	broa	ad-minded	cautious	delicious	exciting	gentle
light-hea	rted	pessimistic	-rational-	sensitive	sudden	tiny
		unint	terested	unlucky		

1	emotional	rational
2	gigantic	
3	real	
4	dull	
5	daring	
6	narrow-minded	
7	gradual	-
8	keen	4======================================
9	lucky	<u> </u>
10	thick-skinned	
11	serious	
12	optimistic	
13	disgusting	
14	aggressive	

а	She's a very <u>emotional</u> person. She's always laughing or crying or falling in love.
b	The food at the hotel was absolutely None of us could eat it.
С	He is very You can say anything and he won't be shocked.
d	He enjoys picking fights with people. He really is
е	At first I didn't realise those roses were I tried smelling one of them.
f	The improvement in his health was very At first we didn't notice that he was getting better.
g	She's very She's always cheerful and never gets depressed.
h	I wish I was more I'd like to try surfing or going up in a hot air balloon but I'm too scared.
i	He's very He always thinks something bad is going to happen to him.
j	She gets very upset if people don't like her paintings. She's terribly about her work.



Test 2 on pages 2–3 also practises adjectives. The Tip on page 3 explains the difference between sensible and sensitive.

Verbs: relationships

Complete the sentences with a verb from the box in the correct form.

annoy apologize argue behave communicate criticize embarrass fancy force offend pretend regret separate share support

- 1 At first, I really <u>fancied</u> him. I found him very attractive.
- We started going out together and we _____ everything: money, clothes and even friends.
- After a bit he began to _____ me with some of his habits. For example, he used to whistle all the time.
- Sometimes he me in front of my friends by drinking too much and telling the same stupid jokes over and over again.
- Once he _____ me to go camping with his parents in Wales. I hate camping and I didn't get on with his parents.
- We started to about money. He said I was spending too much. I said he wasn't earning enough.
- Once he came round with his mother and she _____ me by saying my flat was a mess.
- 8 I told her it was none of her business but David didn't me against her.
- I think we both badly. He was lazy and passive and I was rude and aggressive.
- 10 I started to _____ him in front of people. I used to say he was mean with money, for example.

(0,5000)	say sorry.'	cu to suj, 110 too inte to
12	I hated spending any time on my own withe cinema in the evenings and	
13	By the end of our relationship, we didn't in silence all the time.	at all. We sat

14 Eventually, we . I haven't seen him since 1998.

I don't splitting up. We weren't happy together.

afterwards but he used to say 'It's too late to



11 I always

The phrase to go out with someone means to have a romantic relationship. I used to go out with Jenny's brother when I was sixteen. In American English, the word is to date. We dated for about two years before we broke up.

Are Jim and Heidi dating? They're always together these days.

17 Word building: prefixes

Α	Make the opposites of these adjectives by putting the correct prefix in front of them. Choose from <i>un-</i> , <i>in-</i> , <i>im-</i> .					
1	<u>un</u> attractive	7	healthy	13	polite	
2	correct	8	interesting	14	popular	
3	dependent	9	mature	15	possible	
4	expensive	10	moral	16	practical	
5	fashionable	11	patient	17	sensitive	
6	formal	12	pleasant	18	usual	
В	Complete the sent	ences	with one of the pref	ixed a	djectives above.	
1	She is soold.	Sh	e is seventeen but s	she ac	ts like a six-year-	
2			e doesn't get lonely nolidays on his owi		ough he lives on his	
3	The band's last C and they never p		s very Ha	ardly	anybody bought it	
4	The total is		They've charged us	£15	for the fruit salad!	
5	This sunny weather is very It's normally cold and wet at this time of year.					
6	Sally has been looking for a job for months. She looked miserable when Maria kept talking about her new job. Maria shouldn't be se She should think about Sally's feelings.					
7	and the control of th		party on Sa		April 1977 - Anna San Carlotte Colonia San San San San San San San San San Sa	
8	He can't even boil an egg or make coffee. In the kitchen he's a very person.				e kitchen he's a	
9	Your diet is very		You eat too m	uch f	at and sugar and	

She's always stealing from shops. In my opinion, she's completely ______.
Mes Amis is an excellent restaurant. The food is delicious and it's very ______. Even I can afford to eat there!
'I'm tired of waiting for this bus. Let's get a taxi.'
'Don't be so ______. The bus will be here in another five minutes. We can't afford a taxi.'



- un- can go before any letters
- im- or in-? It's easy to decide. We only use im- before the letters m
 and p: immobile, improbable.

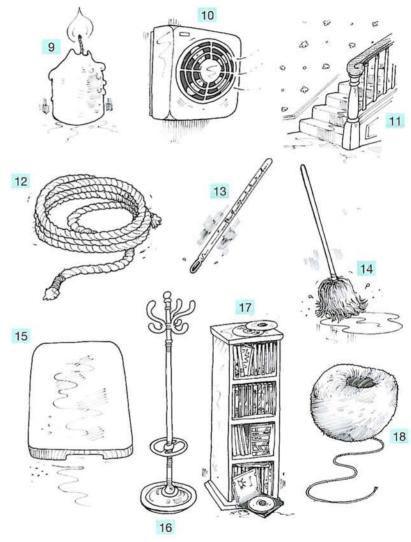
30 Test Your Vocabulary 3 31

18 Around the house

Write the numbers 1 to 18 next to the correct words.

banister 11 doormat ____ padlock _____ plate rack extractor fan _____ basket _____ board hat stand _____ rope _____ hook _____ bucket _____ string ____ candle ____ landing _____ strip light _____ thermometer ___ CD rack ____ mop _____







The phrase *hat stand* seems slightly odd since in Britain, most people do not wear hats or hang them up. In fact, a hat stand is the thing we hang our coats on, which usually stands in the entrance hall of a house. In American English it is called, perhaps more sensibly, a *coat stand*.

19 Adjectives: people 2

The adjectives in the box below are all in the crossword. Read the clues and complete the crossword with them.

adventurous ambitious eccentric immature moody nosy obstinate self-confident strict sympathetic talented timid violent

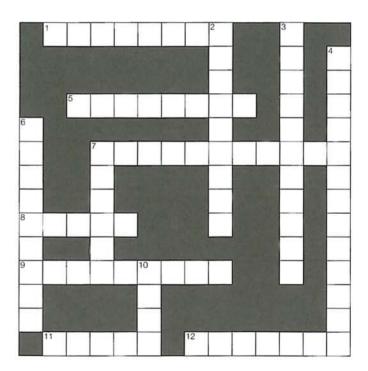
Across

- They shouldn't get married at eighteen. They are far too _____ to take such an important decision.
- Clive is having another exhibition of his paintings. He's also giving a concert next week. He is a very _____ person.
- 7 Tina is so _____. If I have a problem, she always listens and tries to help me.
- 8 At the office party, she stood in a corner and didn't speak to anyone. She's very quiet and _____
- 9 We've given her lots of good advice but she won't listen. She's very _____
- Jackie is so _____. One minute she's laughing and the next she's sulking.
- He's a _____ man. He was arguing with Tom last night and he ended up pushing him against the wall and shaking him.

Down

- 2 My uncle cycles around town in a big red hat and long red boots. Everyone stares at him because he looks so ______
- 3 She enjoys hot air ballooning and parachute jumping. She's very
- He wasn't nervous about starting his new job. In fact he was very ____ and felt sure that he would do it well and enjoy it.

- 6 Michael already owns three restaurants but he intends to own a chain of them by the time he's thirty-five. He's very _____
- 7 Her parents are quite _____. She's seventeen but she has to be home by ten o'clock, even at weekends.
- 10 He's always asking me questions about my family and job. He's very _____





Here's a way of increasing your word power. When you look up a new adjective in the dictionary, check if it has a noun form and write that down as well, for example *immature* (adj), *immaturity* (n).

14 Test Your Vocabulary 3 Test Your Vocabulary 3

4 Disasters

Complete the extracts from newspaper articles with the correct words from the box. Put the verbs in the correct form.

crash (verb) disease drought drown (verb) earthquake famine flood hijack hurricane kidnap (verb) lightning volcano

- 1 Thousands of children are dying of hunger in Ethiopia. The Red Cross is distributing food in the worst areas of the _famine_ but ...
- 2 The area around Boulder, Colorado, has not seen rain for nine _____, water supplies months. During the long _ have been brought in by lorry ...
- 3 A 53-year-old policeman _____ in the River Thames at Hammersmith, West London, last night. The man, Robert Fox, dived in to rescue his granddaughter ...
- 4 A massive ______ shook Los Angeles yesterday, destroying hundreds of buildings and a road bridge. It measured 7.2 on the Richter Scale ...
- 5 A twenty-eight-year-old mother of two was in hospital last night after she was struck by . The woman has slight burns on her arm. 'I was taking the dogs for a walk in the park when the storm started ...'
- 6 of the International Airlines plane ended last night when the terrorists released all the passengers and gave themselves up to the police.

- 7 Doctors have no cure for the mystery ____ is spreading across northern India. Symptoms are sore fingers and toes and a fever.
- 8 Scientists say that Mount Etna will erupt in the next few days. Thick smoke started to pour from the this morning and ...
- 9 Residents of Lewes, in East Sussex, had to swim across the main street yesterday. The _____ caused by recent heavy rain is the worst for 150 years.
- 10 A coach full of schoolchildren on the M4 motorway last night. The driver and two children were taken to hospital suffering from cuts.
- 11 The 12-year-old son of a wealthy businessman was in New York last night. Mr Tony Brancusi, the child's father, told journalists he had received a letter asking for \$2 million for the return of his son.
- 12 in the Caribbean island of Nevis has killed fourteen people and left thousands homeless. 'The wind blew the roof off my house,' one survivor said.



Motorways in Britain are called M (for motorway) and a number, for example M1, M4, M25.

We use the definite article to refer to a motorway. We were driving up the M40 on our way to Birmingham, when our car broke down.

53 More word building

Use the words on the right to make a new word which fits the sentences.

1	At the show, the <u>magician</u> kept pulling rabbits out of his hat.	MAGIC
2	Their dog barks a lot but he won't hurt you. He's completely	HARM
3	There's no between my old bike and my new one. The new one is ten times better.	COMPARE
4	I'm fed up with your You're acting like a child.	BEHAVE
5	People are usually quite shy about discussing their in public.	BELIEVE
6	This juice is full of artificial flavours. It tastes totally	NATURAL
7	It's been a great getting to know you. I hope we meet again soon.	PLEASANT
8	Put twenty pence in the machine and you can test your	STRONG
9	She's very She's going to travel all around the world on her own for a whole year.	DEPEND
10	There wasn't much of a on the menu so I had a pizza again.	CHOOSE
11	it rained all weekend so we couldn't go on the cycling trip we'd planned.	FORTUNE

KNOW	I have very little of the hotels and restaurants in this area.	12
BEAUTIFUL	We were all very impressed by the of the countryside.	13
ADD	In to being good-looking and clever, he is also very rich.	14
GANIZATION	He's a very person. He loses everything and is always late for meetings.	15
CHILD	She grew up in the country and I think she had a very happy	16
OCCASION	He's usually very kind and patient but just he loses his temper.	17



The suffix —less often has the meaning without. For example a homeless person is someone without a home.

The suffix -ful often gives the opposite meaning: thoughtless and thoughtful are opposites. Be careful, though. The opposite of homeless is not homeful!

Green issues

Complete the sentences with the correct words from the box.

artificial pesticides environment wildlife public transport traffic polluted

- Rhinos are an endangered species. We have to protect them or they will become extinct.
- It's amazing how much ______ you can find in a city garden: foxes, hedgehogs, frogs and lots of birds and insects.
- There's too much _____ in modern cities. Why can't we have more parks and open spaces instead of all these skyscrapers?
- We need stricter laws to protect the _____ from the smoke and gases released by cars and factories.
- I don't usually eat sweets. The _____ colourings and flavourings give me a headache.
- This apple juice is ______. That means the fruit trees weren't sprayed with chemicals.
- 7 I only eat _____ chicken and eggs. I don't approve of chicken farms where the animals are kept in small cages.
- Most farmers spray their _____ with ____ to stop insects eating them.
- This farm is like a _____. The animals are treated like machines.

10	In order to produce	, farmers take calves from their
	mothers when they are to dark cages.	vo weeks old and keep them in small,
11	Oil is the main source of	in this country. It would b

- e good to use cleaner sources like the wind and the sun.
- There would be less _____ on the roads if the government made cheaper.
- Our new car is very economical on ______. It can do 100 kilometres on six litres.
- A ship carrying oil crashed on the rocks here last year and now a lot of the coast is _____.

Try reinforcing your vocabulary in one area by making a word-web. For example, with words from this test you can make an environment word-we or a farm word-web. You could start your farm word-web like this:	b
wheat Crops Animals sheep	
feed FARM wool	
plant Verbs Produce	